San Francisco
VID R SMITH,
MECHANICAL ENGINEER,
TENTS,
ONTGOMERY STREET,
P O BOX 1101
Contracting Washington Ludlow
Paris Exhibition
W. SPAULDING,
ing & Repairing
18 18/4 HT
Street between Front
Battery
FRANCISCO
ILDING PATENT PALSE TEETH IN
BRICH, CARMICHAEL & CO
SAWS of all kinds such as Gumming,
Buck Saws Cross cut Mill
Saws Tallying
Saws Hand Saws at low
MILLER & SAWYER and MOULDING
ers KNAPP HURRELL & CO
Manufacturers of Agricultural Implements
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Agents for Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines
Nos 414 and 416 Front street San Francisco
W. SPAULDING
RE UNFORTUNATE.
MEDIES NEW REMEDIES
Gibbon's Dispensary
EARNEY STREET
East side between
Sacramento and Clay
Sansome Street
Horrible Diseases
thousands of persons in both male and fe
who are suffering in a miserable existence
from the effects of indiscretion or from virus
acquired from a diseased female
Many of them ignorant that the pallid cheek
dejected countenance
frequent blushes
loss of confidence
timidity
and many other symptoms
indicate that the system is undermined
Seminal Weakness
sometimes the consequence of self-abuse
depraved sexual intercourse is practised
Both of these and kindred
with other unfortunate and
who allow unfortunate dark spots under
the eyes
weakness
loss of confidence
fearfulness
and a host of other symptoms
to shun society
loss of memory
blushes
and various
Married Men
Those contemplating marriage who are suffering
from fearful maladies should not forget the
fact that
Dr Gibbon's standing upon them
Chronic Diseases
GIBBON is responsible and will give to each
patient
Consultation free
Medicines sent to all parts of the country
CURED AT HOME
A distance may be CURED AT HOME
by a letter to Dr Gibbon stating case symptoms
length of time the disease has continued
Medicines sent
promptly forwarded free from damage and
observation to any part of the country with full
directions for use
Terms for Ten Dollars
which is registered
through Wells Fargo & Co
Letters
Action to the Unfortunate.
The Gibbon Medicines
and prescriptions
prepared by
Dr Gibbon
a regularly educated physician
graduate of one of the oldest
and most popular medical colleges of the United States
and for many years
a resident physician of San Francisco
have attained a
world-wide reputation
and are universally
acknowledged
by the most intelligent
to be the
most perfect
scientific
and reliable remedies
ever offered to the public
Dr Gibbon's
extensive practice
and
unparalleled success
in the treatment of
Chronic Diseases
have caused many
ignorant
and unprincipled pretenders
to attempt
to imitate his
world-renowned
remedies
and
methods of treatment
but in every instance
without success
Many of these
ignorant pretenders
are using
the very
name
of Gibbon
in connection with
their
base counterfeits
and
imitations
in order
to deceive
the unwary
and
unsuspecting
and
by
the use of
the word
Gibbon
in large letters
and
Dr Gibbon
in small letters
they
expect
to induce
the unfortunate
to
purchase
their
worthless
compounds
Dr Gibbon
would
caution
the unfortunate
against
these
unprincipled
pretenders
and
would
state
that
he
has
no
traveling
agents
and
that
his
office
is
permanently
located
at
No 211
Sansome
street
between
Pine
and
Clay
streets
San Francisco
Seminal Weakness
Dr Gibbon
Dr Gibbon
Dr Gibbon

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING SEPT 1870

Mr Mosher's Sham Contest

If Senator Harlan of Douglas county who was last week defeated for the Senate and Mr Mosher Democrat came to the Capital and applied for admission was not legally entitled to a seat in that body in the same long term as Mr Barker and in which Mr Mosher Mr Barker was Mr Herman's opponent in the election two years ago Mr Herman at that time was a democrat and resigned He is now making the boast that he was and will be then Hence on the theory that his resigning as Mr for the Collector of internal revenue disqualified him for a seat in the Legislature Mr Barker was lawfully elected to the Senate and should now have the seat Mr Mosher is simply an interloper sitting there at least pending the adjudications without a shadow of right Inasmuch as the Democratic majority took it upon themselves to disfranchise Mr Herman of the seat, a due regard for their own consistency in the proceeding would have required them to give the seat to Mr Barker, the only man who, on their own theory could be entitled to it But they studied their own action when they turned Mr Herman out, by putting Mr Mosher in

The Senate has elected Mr Mosher to a position to which the people of his county never would have elected him The county Democratic Convention refused to put any person in nomination for the place, holding either that there was no vacancy or that if the seat did not belong to Mr Herman it did belong to Mr Barker But Mr Mosher had his own name printed on some tickets, and in a few precincts in Douglas county some votes were thrown for him. In the other counties of the district, Coos and Curry no notice was taken of this "election," and no votes were thrown for Senator In Oakland precinct, Douglas county the Democrats held a meeting and denounced the impudence of Mr Mosher in nominating himself and refused generally to vote for him

The act of the Senate in ousting Mr Herman is deprived of every color of excuse by the act of admitting Mr Mosher The only possible plea in justification of the ejectment of Mr. Herman would be that he was occupying a seat to which Mr Barker was entitled Mr Mosher, we must acknowledge was wise in choosing his time to be a candidate Had there been any competitor against him he would have been permitted to stay at home

The Senator

To-day at twelve o'clock the two Houses of the Legislature will, in conformity with law, proceed to ballot for United States Senator Col Kelly, without question is stronger than any other candidate, and though there has been considerable opposition to him in his party, we think it more than probable that he will be elected. It makes very little difference to us, as Republicans, who the choice falls upon The State need not expect any thing from the Senator now to be chosen, for he will certainly be powerless for good, and probably, for harm Col Kelly although he is quite favorably known as a gentleman would be in reality as poor a stick as it would be possible to send to the Senate, as he is wanting both in tact and ability for public business While he could do the State little or no service, he would be equally of no service to his party For this last reason most Republicans would be as well content to see him elected as any other man. Since the June election this has not been our fight, and we, in common with most Republicans await the result with comparative indifference

LATEST.—Intelligence received last night from Salem at eleven o'clock is to the effect that in the Democratic caucus Kelly was nominated. He received forty two votes the entire strength of the party —it being understood that he was required to give pledges in writing to support the interests of Southern Oregon in railroad matters Thus it appears at last that a Democrat could be elected Senator only on condition that he would support the measure introduced by Williams, which the Democratic party fought so bitterly in the June election.

Remarkably Gracious.

In some of the States, particularly the Southern ones where colored men throw a large vote, this cringing of citizens is growing in favor with the "white man's party" In fact the Democracy have fallen politically in love with them In Louisiana that party recently held a State Convention A colored citizen — in Democratic parlance two years ago, a "nigger,—wrote to the Chairman of the Committee to know whether colored delegates would be admitted The answer was in terms very closely resembling the following,

My Very Dear Friend Not admit colored persons to our Convention! Bless my soul! What can you be thinking of! Why, they are the very delegates we want. We expect you, we shall be dreadfully disappointed if you do not come, you are to come as a matter of course, and take a front seat. We shall heartily welcome you Come!—just as many of you as can make it convenient, and see how well you will be treated Your friend and fellow citizen,

The above was not the exact language of the reply but it was very near it The ballot,' says the New York *Tribune*, "has done wonders, but this is about the best proof which we have yet seen that has entirely removed the curse so long resting upon Canaan."

In the days of General Jackson the following was considered good Democratic doctrine but the whole party now repudiates it "To plant the manufacturer by the side of the farmer is the true and sure way to increase the recompense of the husbandman's toil even though his meals, his implements his wares and his fabrics should cost him more money under a protective policy than under free trade he would nevertheless pay for them with less of produce or labor and in the operation gain the large benefit of greater diversity of interests in the community The *Herald* no doubt would denounce this as one of the sophistical arguments of the main points Let it know however that the language is that of General Jackson himself

For years the Democracy of Oregon have had much to say about the taxation of United States bonds Their orators and journals have attempted to make this one of the chief issues in elections Now as they have both branches of the Legislature and the Governor besides, let us see them tax all U S bonds Come gentlemen me up to your theory and your promises Let us see you tax the bonds

The Democratic party of Oregon is fully in power for the first time since Col Kelly split it wide open in 1858 and this prepared the way for the defeats it has suffered during a dozen years And Col Kelly asks a Democratic Legislature to elect him Senator to-day, and claims it on the ground of his services to the party

THE OREGON LEGISLATURE

Sixth Biennial Session

SENATE Morning Session

SALEM Monday Sept 19 1870

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock A M by President Fay

Prayer was offered by Rev Waller

The Journal of Saturday was read and approved

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON ENROLLED BILLS

Mr Baldwin from the Committee on Enrolled Bills reported that the following bills had been correctly enrolled

An act to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Oregon Central Railroad Company approved October 24th 1870

tion and Commission.

B. RICHARDSON,
CTIONEER,
er of Front and Oak Streets

UCTION SALES
RETAIL BUSINESS GENERAL
CHANDISE AND HORSES

ys- Wednesday and Saturday
A B. HARRISON Auctioneer

Copartnership Notice

t Private Sale.
SHARES AND BUNDLE IRON
SCRAPER SIMMON CAST STEEL
HOES PICKS AND
PAY PANS AND
ASTINGS
ORIES & LIQUORS
DAVIS Ac Bonner

ular and Peremptory Sale

Estate, Groceries,
ERAL MERCHANDISE, &C.

DNESDAY SEPT 21ST, 1870,
At SALESROOM

ABLE REAL ESTATE

AST PORTLAND:

Groceries:
SUGAR
TEA
JAPAN TEA
RICE
ALABASTINE CANDLES

50 bbls MACKEREL
180 bbls ASSORTED PICKLES
40 bags SALT

50 BBLS DRIED APPLES
100 cases CRANBERRIES
100 SACKS DRIED PEACHES

50 boxes MARKET BASKETS
25 boxes CLOTHES

50 bbls CASTILE SOAP
100 bbls C O SOAP

Furniture:

SPECIAL.

AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS
WORKS COMPLETE 22 Vols
NEW WORKS COMPLETE 14 Vols.
LESS'S WORKS 7 Vols

ANT PAINTING—VIEW OF THE COLUM-
RIVER by B Litzer

Books:

Moores By Goldsmith's Poets,
y's and Rome's Poetical Works

Common Do Typesetting Dickens's Novels
Plutarch's Lives Do Quizzes, Atlases
Household of Taste Eagle Knife Razors
assortment Mixed assorted Books, to
mention

A B RICHARDSON, Auct'r

ial and Peremptory Sale

I will sell on the premises

hall St., bet Front and First

r of Messrs S L FALLOWS & CO. their
ers in Stock &

CAST STEEL, HOOP IRON,
SES, ANVILS, &c,

THURSDAY, SEPT 29, 1870,
At 10 o'clock A M

Flat Axe tried Bar Iron Steel
Saddler's Bar Iron Horse Shoe
Plate Iron Machine Steel
Square Iron Band Iron
Round Iron Spring Steel
Square Iron Horse Shoe
Norway Iron Nail Rods

ALSO
Round Iron:
Round Iron assorted sizes
ALSO
Square Iron:
Square Iron 11 000 lbs assorted sizes
ALSO
Norway Iron:
Norway Iron assorted sizes
ALSO
Shafting:
Shafting Iron assorted sizes
ALSO
Swedish Iron:
Swedish Iron assorted sizes
ALSO
Cast Steel:
Square Round Octagon and Flow Steel

Anvils Axle Polishers Wagon Boxes, &c
A B RICHARDSON, Auct'r

DLERY AND HARNESS.

HERLOCK & CO.

LESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

idles, Harness,
ERY HARDWARE
Concord Stage and Buggy
Harness, &c., &c.
ROOMS—No 43, 45 and 59
Front St Portland

ther assorted TEAM COLLARS
on hand

J. B. CONGLE,

ONT STREET, PORTLAND
next door to Knapp Burrell & Co.)

ERY, HARDWARE
ddles, Bridles,
PS AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
WELCH & MORGAN,
O Front Street,
ile, Harness.
COLLAR MANUFACTORY.
CH & MORGAN, MANUFACTURERS
Saddlery Hardware Wholesale
ufactures this year will be sold
wer than ever before. All Goods warranted
ction or no sale. Orders by mail promptly
ded to. Repairing done with neatness
dispatch.

IEN ISLAND SALT
WARRANTED PURE.
COARSE OR FINE DAIRY AND TABLE
always on hand and for sale in quantities
HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
Agents Arcade, San Francisco.

ERS! OYSTERS!
BURCHARDT,
"GEM,"
ROADSIDE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Shoalwater Bay Oysters
Orders with the
attended

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING SEPT 20 1870

CITY.

NEW REGULATIONS We note as will see by the rules and regulations nothing government police force of Dalley which were so assembly posted in the Recorder Court room Monday

RE-ELECTION For the purpose of polling the city of Portland is divided into three wards

No 1 First Ward—All of the city north of Second Ward Alley west of Oak and said street. Third Ward All south of Ash and said streets.

No 2 The police force is divided into Lieutenant of Police 2—Lieutenant of Police 1—Regulars 6—Total 9

No 3 The regulars shall be stationed two in each ward and to not more than one with the night watch, whose beats come within their several limits, and the regulars to report to the Lieutenant of police every night hours viz 12 M and 4 A M

No 4 When a complaint has been made to any officer that a crime has been committed in his ward or that a crime is about to be committed in another ward he shall inform the officer of the same, and shall immediately arrest such the same

No 5 When any complaint is made to the Lieutenant, he shall see that the proper officer is notified thereof, and that he does his duty

No 11 The headquarters of the police force shall be at the Recorder's office and every officer shall be at the Recorder's office and every officer shall be at the Recorder's office and every officer shall be at the Recorder's office and every officer not employed is expected to be present at the office

No 12 When an alarm of fire occurs in the night time the night watchmen shall remain on their beats and the regular city officers repair immediately to the fire, and then use their best skill and energy, under the direct on of the Marshal or Chief Engineer, for the preservation of the property, the protection of property and the arrest of all suspected persons

No 13 Prisoners whether regular or special are prohibited from arresting persons charged with or guilty of desertion from the U S Army or navy unless a warrant

No 14 Officers on street duty are required to keep their beats constantly during their hours of duty, keeping a vigilant watch for fires and for all suspicious persons and the public peace and shall not leave their beats unless in pursuit of a felon or duty

No 15 Police officers are prohibited from leaving their beats for the purpose of attending balls or any amusement etc without the permission of the Chief and absences from the city without leave will not be tolerated

No 16 Punctual attendance shall be required of every officer connected with the department and excusable sickness and disability only shall be a reason for absence from duty and sleeping while on duty, either in the office or elsewhere is strictly prohibited

No 17 Officers paid by the city each in his respective ward, finding that street lamps in the night time, while they are on duty are not lighted shall make an entry thereof immediately on the same and notify the Street Commissioner the next day thereof, stating of the hours that said lamps were extinguished and the corners of the streets on which they are located

No 18 All officers of the department shall devote their whole time and attention to the business of the department, and not follow any other call or employment, although certain hours are allotted to each man's duty, on ordinary occasions, yet all officers of the department must be prepared to attend to the Recorder's notice whenever their services may be required

No 19 Officers cognizant of the commission of any crime shall immediately report the same to the Chief of Police with all the circumstances which may have come to their knowledge

No 20 Police officers shall take cognizance of all disorderly persons and bar-room about the streets at night and if any are found without parents or guards, and whose habits are dissolute lives they shall be taken before the Recorder for examination

No 21 Forbearance under provocation and a strict though firm department will insure a gentlemanly respect in the discharge of his duty to the public, or excited manner or indiscreet conduct, will destroy his individual influence and may cause much public odium on the whole force

No 22 Every officer must have his star promptly in view when on duty or on the street during the performance of detective duty

No 23 Attention to business good conduct and sobriety is expected of every officer.

No 24 It shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to know that all the officers strictly conform to the above rules and regulations

RECORDER'S RECEPTION—We are informed that the programme for the reception of Governor Woodburn has been arranged. In case the Governor arrives here during the day time he will be officially received by Mayor Goldsmith and the Common Council, and the speech of welcome will be made by Senator Williams The United States Troops and Infantry Band and the Queen Brass Band will furnish music for the occasion, and the civil military companies of the city will parade in the reception march and escort, from the steamer to the St Charles Hotel which suites of rooms have been engaged by the committee for General Sherman and General Ord A cordial invitation has been extended to the two military companies of this city—the Emmett and Washington Guards—by Mayor Chapman and the Common Council to participate in the ceremonies

SMOKY—The Chinese are in great trouble at present about Lo Yea Brock Shing of Chung Kung, who have broken over the regulations governing the establishment of wash houses in the city The Recorder's Court room was literally packed yesterday with Celestials in their native attire, a suit growing out of this prohibition and the regulations but as it could not be proven that a crime had been committed the case was discharged The Chinese however are determined on disposing an article which they say is dear to them as their lives in such a manner as to make this a serious matter yet The case is to partake somewhat of the character of that of Sing Lee of San Francisco which lately gave the Chinese note

SACRED LAND—The first lecture upon the Sacred Land by Rabbi Isaacshon of the Holy Land by Rabbi Isaacshon of Portland on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at the Hall Israel commencing at 8 o'clock precisely. We trust that a full attendance will greet the lecturer His visit to this country will interest the Christian world in the welfare of Israel, especially those in Jerusalem We trust that he will accomplish much in his mission and fail to be interested in him and his good cause His is a man of learning and understands the condition of his people and suggests the true modes by which their grievances are to be alleviated

WELL REPEATED—The performance at Oro Hall last evening will be again repeated this evening "Poor Pena," a sensational comedy in the case of Augustin Daly The company have acquitted themselves well and ridiculously and especially, in a manner highly satisfactory to the audience Vinson could not have done better than he was, and the ladies Mesdames, Misses Pixley and Miss Ingles specially deserving of applause

MORE—Senator Herman was in the city Monday The axe of Mr Herman is in the Oregon Weekly, by which a man was permitted to vote who had never been voted for by the people will soon take the Webfoot Senate to hew more wood for taxes and yet the world never lies Monday evening Morality, religion common sense and decency are cast aside by the Salons who worship Democracy

REAL ESTATE—But two transfers of real estate were recorded at the County Clerk's office yesterday The first below in consequence of the omission of the first deed

Geo. Ryan as administrator to Samuel Noel lot 3 and 4 in block 145 in East Portland $1 [illegible]

Samuel Weaver and wife to George W Weidler same land consideration $1 00

"A Ku Cox."—A joker yesterday referring to the bill introduced in the Legislature by Ames to abolish the Chinaman's queue remarked that Governor Grover should veto the bill or would be a Ku Cox. The man still lives But it is certain that Grover would sooner cut off his head than his queue. It accords well with his statesmanship in which it becomes "the end of a thing called Oregon."

ARRESTED AND CONVICTED—Wm Ryan, accused of petit larceny was convicted on both counts yesterday before Justice Anderson He was held to answer on the first charge, and was sentenced to thirty days imprisonment in the County Jail on the second charge While he is to answer we presume he can serve

ARRESTED BY MISTAKE On Sunday evening two young men were arrested on complaint of a man who charged them with having stolen a watch On yesterday morning it turned out that the complaining witness was mistaken as to the men were set free

ATTACHMENT Mary Brown vs Robert Judge Watson Circuit Court This process was again put in being duly charged yesterday morning It is earnestly hoped by the lawyers that Judge Watson will make good his promise to regenerate the line

THE SCHOOL The schools near the center of the city will be closed two weeks while the grounds are being graded and put in order, when they will be opened with the full force of teachers as heretofore

The Bird's Rights Meeting.

What birds pecked the cherries in Barnaby's tree
"I'll speak for myself," said a bold Chickadee
"And so did I peck them," said a Robin Redbreast;
"And what could be sweeter than cherries I pecked warm by the heat?"

Didn't he have a gun with an old rusty gun
At me?" said the Spatrow. "Oh wasn't it fun
He meant to affright me, but I didn't care,
I just chirruped out to Sam, 'Shoot if you dare!'"

"Here me, my brave birds!" said a Crow to all Creation:
"This Barnaby I have good reason to know,
His haunts for many a year I have borne
When peacefully trying to harvest my corn

My treatment of him has been cruel and base,
I've always been willing to give him a share;
I never have grudged him my corn or my beans,
But nothing can teach him what gratitude means.

My friends, I shall soon lay before you a plan
I trust down this insolent creature called man;
A creature that has neither feathers nor wings,
Yet sets himself up to be very great things

I hereby proclaim, in the plainest of words,
That henceforth mankind must succumb to the birds.
I'm glad that the Barnaby's cherries you picked,
The man has no rights that a bird should respect."

This speech was received with a round of applause,
"You're clever," said the crow, "I argue well for the cause.
When next we assemble, my plan you shall learn;
There's Barnaby coming!—he time to adjourn.

—*Aunt Clara, in the Nursery*

Russia and the War.

WAITING FOR AUSTRIA—NO OPEN FEELING TOWARD THE COMBATANTS.

[Correspondence of the New York Tribune.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 12.

You have long ago received the telegram announcing the declaration of neutrality by Russia, and you have probably noticed how it is safe-guarded and qualified by the phrase "so long as the interests of Russia are not touched." What the interests of Russia may be in this particular case it is hard to tell. The popular explanation is that the Emperor intended to say that if Austria went into the war he would be compelled to take the opposite side. Austria, however, has shown no signs of quitting its neutral position, so Russia is quiet. She will probably remain so, because she is not in a fit state to go to war. The Small-Arms Commission have for the last three years done nothing but compare and test arms, and to this time have not fully decided what rifle to introduce into the service. At first it was thought sufficient to alter the old musket into breech-loaders, and the Carlen system was adopted in the gun factory at Tula. Then the Konka system was thought better and was ordered to be tried. Finally it was resolved to have new breech-loaders, and the first Berdan gun was adopted, and 30,000 were made at Colt's factory, Stamsford, the order being finished last fall. Then Berdan invented a new gun, which they thought better yet, and 30,000 of that were ordered to be made at Birmingham, but are not yet delivered. No one has succeeded in getting any orders since. The infantry armament of Russia is now 460,000 altered muskets, Kona system, 120,000 Carlen system, all of which are practically worthless, and about 45,000 new rifles on the two Berdan systems. Cartridges have been made here for the last eight months, beside several billion made in America, but there is by no known in the quantity necessary for a war. Russian officers are many of them anxious to fight, and deplore the fact that they are not ready. The field artillery is excellent and in good store. The Russian soldiers are splendidly drilled, are quick to understand, very intelligent, and, if properly armed and well led, would display their usual courage and astonish the world. The Russian soldiers are like the British—they don't know when they are beaten.

The Emperor is personally very favorably disposed toward the King of Prussia, and a good number of the Court are German by birth, and therefore Prussian in feeling. The Tsesarwitch, or Hereditary Prince, is as Anti-German as a man can well be. He belongs to what is called the old Russian party, one of whose principles is dread and hatred of German influence, and beside that has a Danish wife who has confirmed him in that opinion, and everything German has long been banished from his Court. Among the people where there is not indifference there are good wishes for France. The calamities suffered from the French in 1812, and again in the Crimean war, and the plots of Napoleon in Poland, are not forgotten; but they are considered as nothing in comparison with the ingratitude of Prussia and Austria. This latter power is regarded by politicians as a more bitter enemy than Turkey. But the most prevalent feeling among all classes in Russia is hatred of Germans. Germans have so often and so long had things their own way in Russia—they are thought to have so completely *exploite* the country in their own interests, that they have become intensely disliked and suspected.

We cannot help raising the newspapers as an index in some measure, and we find them unanimous in favor of neutrality, yet all wishing for the success of France rather than of Germany. Even in discussing the causes of the war nearly all the newspapers found France in the right, and said that Prussia was to blame. The *Golos* at first rather sided with Prussia in the quarrel, and was accused by the other papers of a want of patriotism in putting the blame on France. The new explanation of the Duc de Gramont gave it an excuse, and it immediately turned about, and is as pro-French as could be desired. The *Golos*, however, spoke the truth when it said that a "war for Prussia would be the most unpopular war ever entered into by Russia." The whole conduct of Prussia for the last eighty years has been viewed, and it is shown that, while she is under many obligations to Russia, Russia is under none to her. Beside this, Prussia and the Germans are, as the *Moscow Gazette* and the *Exchange Gazette* take pains to show, hostile to all Sclavonian interests, and, therefore, of course to Russia. Austria is morbidly so, and should Austria intervene, these same journals would loudly demand that Russia take sides against her, even for Prussia. While thus proclaiming their devotion to Sclavonian interests, and their share in the Eastern question, they assert that the time has long gone by when Russia could take an interest in the affairs of the West, and that it makes no difference to Russia to what power the left bank of the Rhine may belong. Even in case of an occupation of Belgium, they think that Russia should do no more than protest, and that thus she will have performed her treaty obligations. The remarks of the Emperor on the presentation of M. de Touchneren, the Belgian Charge de Affairs, and the comment of the *St. Petersburg Journal*, which you have already had by telegraph, seem to show that a more exact compliance with the treaties is intended by the Government. Russian journals have, however, deserved well of their country in giving all the influence they possess to urging neutrality on the Government. There is no question about its being advantageous for Russia. Government paper and all stock values, which had sunk greatly, have gone up again since the declaration of the Government. St. Petersburg and Riga are full of English steamers, so that we have two or three leaving every day, and an arrangement has just been made by which the Hungarian wheat, formerly shipped through Stettin, is now to be shipped through Riga. Russian commerce, instead of raising through Konigsberg, will go through Russian ports. Beside the war, there are two other items of interest. The cholera is raging a Taganrog, and 150 are dying a day. The Emperor has signed the new law about cities, giving free municipal governments on a very liberal system to all the large towns and cities in the Empire, exclusive of Poland and the Baltic provinces, for which other laws are in contemplation. It is the greatest reform since that of the Judiciary and Tribunal.

GREELEY'S DEAD MAN'S SHOT.—A lecture committee in Pennsylvania sought to make an engagement with Horace Greeley, and received an answer as follows, as near as could be made out:

NEW YORK.

DEAR SIRS:—I am vaccinated and yawning at Ishmael; he surely is not fishing shad all the while at Sims, but I wrote a line to fetch her forth, deception is thus underrated viciously if Idaho fails. Carrot promises to wait. Perhaps spirits are needed entirely; my bow. Bores. HORACE GREELEY.

Further Remarkable Discoveries at Pompeii

From the London Times of the 6th inst. we take the following:

During the eruptions of Vesuvius which destroyed the ancient city of Pompeii, those who died too long in its ashes left the most perfect versions, for the most part, to the petrifactions effect of sulphuric acid or carbonic acid gases, and were rapidly covered by the ashes ejected not long after following the eruption which suddenly inundated, entombed perfect models of the unhappy beings who were thus suddenly perished, from which admirable casts are taken, showing their forms, features, expressions and attitudes when overtaken by death. At the beginning of the excavations little attention was paid to these natural moulds, only a few being partially cleared and preserved, the most remarkable of which were of a husband, wife and child, the husband at the moment of death pressing tightly to his breast nineteen pieces of gold, and numerous pieces of silver, which were found in his ribs the wife had let fall a coarse linen cover, in which were found bracelets, gold rings, and jewels of less importance.

It was only however, in 1863 that M. Fiorelli had the happy idea of filling those natural moulds with a peculiar solution of plaster, by which process the victims are reproduced in their integrity.

The first group reproduced was composed of a man, a woman and two young girls who had returned within doors until too late, when they attempted to escape by the windows or terrace, they were suddenly asphyxiated, and covered by the dust which faithfully preserved the contour of their forms.

In 1863, a lady thus reproduced was that of a man who had fallen face downward, whose countenance was the very image of despair and suffering. His chin set teeth and crisped hand eloquently expressing the agony he had endured.

Next in interest to the form of a woman who had fallen on her back, while right hand leans upon the earth, her left raised, as if trying to ward off danger. To and her right she had raised her vestments. Her form was full and elegant, her admirably arched head, encased in strong sandals being a favorite subject of study to artists. On one of her fingers is a silver ring, while near her were found gold ear-rings, a silver mirror, and an amber statue representing Cupid. Her hair in front forms three rows of ringlets, and falls plaited over her back, in the manner of the Vollure perruques.

A remarkable group of three persons has been minutely cast which is of the highest degree interesting. A man of tall stature and powerful build, with strongly marked features, prominent cheek-bones, heavy beard and moustache is the principal figure. In his left he holds in the ear-rings of two young girls who followed him, and the key of his house, and looks the beauties of an old Roman legionary. Over his head he had thrown the corner of his mantle for protection against the noxious gases or the falling dust and cinders, the expression of his face and that of his two daughters being suggestive of suffocation.

There is something touching in the spectacle of the two sisters who followed their father, in the precise attitude as they fell supporting each other breathing the same poison and dying entwined in each others arms. Both of the figures are of beautiful forms and proportions.

There is something inexpressibly sad in the aspect of this groupe moulded by nature in the agony between life and death as they vainly attempted to escape from the doomed city.

With the means now at the disposal of M. Fiorelli he will be able to form a museum representing the rare beauty, costume and unhappy fate of the inhabitants of Pompeii which will henceforth be of inestimable value to the students of art and history.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

PORTLAND, Sept. 19

Currency, buying, 67½@68; selling, 68½@69.

Multnomah Lodge No. 12, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 8 o'clock on Saturday evenings of each week. All members in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. C. T.

Multnomah Tribe No. 2, I. O. R. M. holds regular Councils every Monday evening at the Eighth Run, at Oregon Wigwam, in Carter's building, corner Alder and Front Sts. my6dtf By order of THE SACHEM.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the O. rder are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Portland R. A. C. No. 3.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month at Masonic Hall, No. 16 North Front street. By order of M. E. H. P.

G. A. R.—Baker Post No 1.—Regular meetings on First and Third Saturday evenings of each month, at Nonpareil Hall, corner First and Madison sts. All comrades in good standing invited to attend. By order of POST COMMANDER.

U. A. O. D.—Regular meetings of Morlin Grove, No 2, on Thursday evening of each week, at 8 o'clock, in Druid's Hall, Front street, near Stark. Members of Sister Groves and sojourning Brethren are cordially invited to attend. A. J. MARSHALL, N. A.
L. J. ROLLARD, R. S. my6dtf

TAYLOR & BENDEL

Successors to J. G. FRISCH & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

Wines and Liquors

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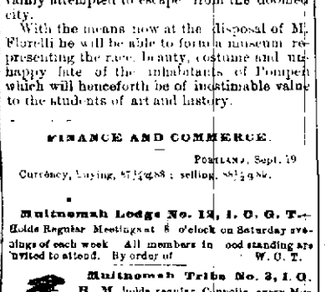
SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

DR. HUFELAND'S SWISS STOMACH BITTERS

(First Premium.)



The world-renowned reputation, together with the extensive and increasing demand for DR. HOFELAND'S SWISS BITTERS will at once recommend them to the favorable notice of all consumers and lovers of a GOOD AND HEALTHFUL TONIC AND INVIGORATOR. As a Portifier of the Blood, acting surely yet gently on the secretions of the Liver and Kidneys, they are unsurpassed and a most agreeable drink. aug1 1m

PORTLAND Library Association.

ROOMS,

CORNER OF STARK AND FIRST STREETS,

Opposite Ladd & Tilton's Bank

CONTAINING 3,000 VOLUMES OF CHOICE BOOKS AND OVER 100 PAPERS AND PERIODICALS.

Membership Free to All.

Monthly Dues $1 00—payable Quarterly.

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CHARLES B CALEF, WASHINGTON SHATTUCK, WILLIAM S. LADD, PHILIP C SCHUYLER, Jr. MATTHEW P. DEADY, L. H. WAKEFIELD, C. H. LEWIS, F. S. OETHEIM.

J. S. REED, Librarian and Recording Secretary
PHILIP C. SCHUYLER, Jr., Treasurer and Corresponding Sec'y.
L. H. WAKEFIELD, Vice President.
C. H. LEWIS, President.

sep23dtf

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Foundries.

SMITH BRO.'S IRON WORKS!

First St., bet. Main and Salmon,

PORTLAND, OREGON

MANUFACTURE STEAM ENGINES

MILL MACHINERY of all kinds;
IRON and BRASS CASTINGS, FORGINGS and PATTERNS, of all descriptions;
IRON RAILINGS and FENCES for Houses, Cemeteries, &c., &c;
REPAIRING of all kinds promptly attended to by experienced mechanics jedtf

Hotels and Restaurants.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL

Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

M. KEITH, Manager.

THIS HOUSE IS NOW COMPLETE IN EVERY particular for the accommodation of guests, and it is believed that no effort to establishment of the kind surpasses it in the Pacific Coast. Every department is under competent hands and will receive strict attention. No expense has been spared to place this house at the head of all others. Everything is new, neat and clean.

Free Coach and Baggage Wagon to and from the ST. CHARLES. 1dtf

AMERICAN EXCHANGE!

(LATE LINCOLN HOUSE.)

Corner Washington and Front Streets

PORTLAND, OREGON.

L. P. W. QUIMBY & C. H. PERKINS,

HAVING taken the above House wish to announce to the public that they are now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone, which is in the power of the proprietors to do, to render guests comfortable.

FREE COACH TO AND FROM THE HOUSE
Portland, Feb. 2, 1867 dtf

JAMES MORRISON.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

FORMERLY "NEW COLUMBIAN,"

No. 118 and 120 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON

NOAH A MORRISON, Proprietors

jy24tf

Occident Hotel,

ASTORIA.

S. N. ARRIGONI HAS THE PLEASURE "to inform a friends and the public in general that the above splendid and commodious hotel is now ready to receive guests for the Summer Season.

Rooms in Suites or Single.

Hot and Cold Fresh Water Baths; Salt Water Plunge Bath free of charge.

The Table is at all times supplied with the delicacies of the season. The Billiard and Bar Rooms are the finest on the Pacific Coast. The choicest Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars on hand.

Prices of Board and Lodging, $2 00 per day. jy6tf

BY AUTHORITY OF A SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

$1,000,000.

GRAND GIFT CONCERT IN AID OF the MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION of San Francisco, California, **Monday, October 31, 1870.** Tickets of Admission, $5 (Gold) each.

Treasurer—The Bank of California.

During the Entertainment the sum of Five Hundred U. S. Gold Coin will be returned to the Holders of Tickets, by the distribution, by chance, of the following GIFTS

1 Gift of	$100,000	Gold
1 Gift of	50,000	"
1 Gift of	25,000	"
1 Gift of	20,000	"
1 Gift of	19,000	"
1 Gift of	18,000	"
1 Gift of	17,000	"
1 Gift of	16,000	"
1 Gift of	15,000	"
1 Gift of	14,000	"
1 Gift of	13,000	"
1 Gift of	12,000	"
1 Gift of	11,000	"
1 Gift of	10,000	"
1 Gift of	9,000	"
1 Gift of	8,000	"
1 Gift of	7,000	"
1 Gift of	6,000	"
1 Gift of	5,000	"
1 Gift of	4,000	"
1 Gift of	3,000	"
1 Gift of	2,000	"
10 Gifts, $1,000 each	10,000	"
20 Gifts, 750 each	15,000	"
20 Gifts, 500 each	10,000	"
20 Gifts, 400 each	12,000	"
50 Gifts, 300 each	15,000	"
50 Gifts, 200 each	10,000	"
425 Gifts, 100 each	42,500	"

628 Gifts in all $\$1,000,000$

The Concert and Distribution will take place under the immediate direction of the Board of Trustees of the Mercantile Library Association, assisted by a Supervisory Committee selected from State, City and County officers, and well known citizens of San Francisco.

ROBERT B SWAIN, President M. L. A.
W H L. BARNES, Vice President.
WM G RALSTON, Treasurer.

After paying the expenses of the Entertainment, and making the distribution of the Gifts, as above announced, the balance will be applied to extinguishing the present indebtedness of the Mercantile Library Association.

Holders of tickets to which gifts may be awarded will receive the same on presentation of such tickets at or upon to the Banking House of the Board of Trustees at their office, No. 318 California street, San Francisco.

NOTICE.

HOLDERS OF TICKETS to the GIFT CONCERT in aid of the Mercantile Library Association, are hereby notified, that the Concert is postponed until

Monday, October 31st, 1870

Unexpected interference has operated to make this delay necessary to accomplish the result of first giving the Library from debt, without recourse to other preference granted by act of the Legislature, passed February 10, 1870.

This is positively the only postponement which will be made. The Concert will take place on the day above named, commencing at nine o'clock, A. M., and to continue until all the gifts have been awarded.

The funds already in hand are considerably more than sufficient to insure the successful completion of the contract with the public.

The sale of tickets will positively close on Friday, the 28th day of October, 1870.

All tickets remaining unsold at this time will be withdrawn from sale and cancelled. They will be numbered by their numbers, on the 29th day of October, 1870, in one or more of the daily papers of this city. Any diminution thus made in the number of tickets to be drawn, will not affect the number or amount of gifts. They will be authentically advertised, to will 628 gifts amounting in all to $500,000 gold

Ticket holders resulting out of San Francisco will receive duly accredited lists of the awards of Gifts, which will also be published in the leading San Francisco daily papers, on the 1st November, 1870.

Delivery of gifts will commence November 2d, 1870 at the Office, No. 318 California Street, to all parties presenting tickets to which gifts have been awarded. All gifts awarded to non-residents will be held to their order and for their account.

ROBERT B SWAIN, Pres't M. L. A.
W H L. BARNES, Vice President,
W C RALSTON, Treasurer
THOS. R HAYES, Recording Sec'y.
DAVID WILDER, Cor. Sec'y

TRUSTEES

W. ASHCROFT, W. E. WOOD, W. G. LANGLEY, J. M. McNULTY, ISAAC WORMSER, F. B. REYNOLDS, A. M. FERRIS, A. P. K. FELT, SAM'L HUBBARD.

MAURICE DORE & CHARLES R. PETERS, Business Agents, No. 318 California Street,
sep8d2m

C. H. MYERS,

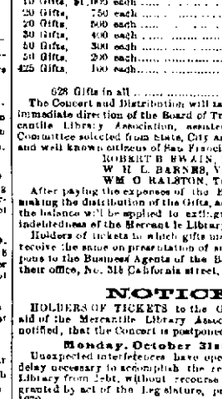
AGENT FOR

RUMSEY & CO.,

Seneca Falls, New York,

THE LARGEST

Pump Manufactory IN THE WORLD.



The Catalogue of RUMSEY & CO.'s of Seneca Falls embraces over 200 different styles and sizes of Lift and Force Pumps. They are now turning out 1,500 Pumps per week, which ranges in price from $3 (or less) to $150, and employ 130 hands in the business. John A. Kinney has recently patented an improved suction chamber for Pump, which is safe from frost. An improved Hand Fire Engine of great efficiency, is also on their list. The machinery in Rumsey & Co.'s Factory is of the most efficient kind, much of it being of their own invention, and is driven by an unfailing water power. They are now building a new factory, 84x42 feet, 4 stories. When this is completed they will increase their working force to 250 hands. The business carried on by this firm was established by Rumsey about 30 years ago."—*Iron Age, New York* d16dtf

BOOKS OF ALL SIZES, for sale by
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President,	G. H. WAKEFIELD
Vice President,	J. A. STROWBRIDGE
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Secretary,	GEO. A. STEEL

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RUSSELL & FERRY,

Real Estate Brokers,

ST CHARLES HOTEL BUILDING

PORTLAND, OREGON

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SECURE A HOME!!

THE RIVERSIDE

HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION!

OF

EAST PORTLAND, OREGON.

NOW PREPARED TO RECEIVE SUBSCRIPTIONS to the Capital Stock of the Association.

Application for ONE HUNDRED SHARES (the most that can be taken by any one person) and a large number of shares have been taken.

The following extracts from the *Oregonian* and *Bulletin* will convey a good idea of the plan and working of the Association, the location of the land, etc.

RIVERSIDE HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION.

This association of which we gave an account a few days since, is now ready to issue of shares. As it is with one exception the only Portland Homestead Association in the pioneer organization of that kind in the city, it may be well enough to state what are its purposes, and the manner in which it is proposed to conduct its operations. The purposes of these Homestead Associations are not at all peculiar in the ordinary sense of the word. They are dependent for the profits of their investment upon the natural advance in the value of their lands, consequent upon the the operation of many individuals—shareholders—and the advance on values of all surrounding lands by reason of the expansion of population and demand for room outside of, but still near, the city. The Riverside Homestead Association has a fraction over one hundred and twenty acres of land situated just south of Brooklyn on the east side of the river, the nearest boundary line being about one mile from the ferry landing at East Portland. The tract lies in one strip along the Willamette river, half a mile in length, and another strip along the Oregon and California railroad, half a mile in length, the two strips being connected near the middle by two rows of blocks (with a street between them), the whole forming a figure not unlike the letter H. It is divided into 74 blocks, 200 feet square, with streets running at right angles) and 10 fractional lots, along the river front. The shares number 630, worth $50 per share. It will be seen that a share thus represents nearly a lot with an undivided interest in the 80 fractional lots. The deferred annual shares are to be sold at the proper time for the benefit of the Association, shareholders coming in for the proceeds in proportion to the number of shares held. When all shares are taken and the Association shall determine to do it, the choice of lots and blocks will be put up at auction to the highest bidder, the proceeds of such sales, after deducting the original price of shares of lots, to be divided equally among the whole number of shares. Thus, if a person wants a particular lot or block, and is willing to pay $100 or $500 premium (more or less as the case may be) he pays it and takes the lot or block as his individual property, the premium being divided among the whole number of shareholders. It will be seen, therefore, that everything is co-operative, and all interests mutual. No man can make a dollar out of it without also making a dollar for every other equal shareholder. There is no chance for loss, unless the property, by some chance, should depreciate far below the first actual cost. Whether this is liable to happen in the case of this particular tract of land must be judged by each for himself; but considering the steady and unprecedented advance on real estate in this city and neighborhood, and in East Portland and vicinity, for the last year or two, it seems hardly possible for values to go back.

In the Riverside Association all proper precautions seem to have been taken to guard against monopolies of shares. No person is allowed to buy more than the number of shares representing three blocks, or twenty four lots, and votes determining the operations of the Association are restricted in the same manner. The buyers of shares may pay down $50 per share, which will exempt them from all assessments, or they may pay $15 quarterly with an assessment of $3 per share, payable with the first installment, being liable in this latter case to another (and only one other) assessment of $3 per share. Upon the payment of the shares in full, with the assessments as above, the holder is entitled to his certificate and his proportion of all the profits accrued from all sources. No officer of the Association receives any pay for services except the Secretary, who gets $25 per month; so it will be seen that the expenses must be light.

That part of the tract lying along the river is a high plateau, nearly level, about 60 to 90 feet above the water. There is no part of the first row of blocks but commands a splendid view of Portland and the river for miles up and down stream. That part of the tract lying along the railroad is, every foot of it, of the richest loam soil and adapted to gardening purposes. A beautiful little stream of pure water runs the length almost the entire length of this wing of the tract, affording the means of irrigation, and power sufficient to supply pure water to every part of the whole tract. There is not a waste lot of fractional lot in the entire tract. Under all these advantages, it would seem impossible that there should be any chance of loss to shareholders. Within a year each shareholder, if he chooses, may get a perfect title, to as many lots as his share may represent, or he may continue his interest, undivided, with the Association while the organization may exist.—*Oregonian.*

THE RIVERSIDE HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION.

We have been led to make these remarks from the fact that the subject of making homesteads on the outskirts of this city and East Portland, is being thoroughly discussed here among all classes, and one homestead—the "Riverside"—just south of East Portland—has already been established. The site selected is a tract of land lying a little over a mile south of the ferry landing. It is shaped like the letter H, one at each which, a half mile in length, borders on the river.

From this portion of the homestead, which is elevated but a trifle above the other property of the H, but is still forty or fifty feet above the river, can be had an extensive view of Portland, East Portland, the shipping, and the Willamette river for several miles. The land is very fertile, and is partly covered with light fir timber. A tract of land just south of the two rows of blocks, with an average between them, connects the west prong of the H with a like already been described, with that to the east. This last tract of land is in a beautiful little valley, which is under a high state of cultivation. It reaches the whole length runs a front block, the water of which is clear as crystal. With a hydraulic ram the Association intends to have water conveyed through pipes to every corner of the homestead.—*Daily Bulletin.*

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 852.

AN ORDINANCE [illegible] SIDEWALK ON [illegible] Section 1. The Mayor and Council of the City of Portland do ordain as follows: [illegible] Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and approval by the Mayor. The Marshal is hereby authorized and required to [illegible] Passed the Common Council September 7, 1870. W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Sept. 10, 1870. B. GOLDSMITH, Mayor.

Ordinance No. 850.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE COMMITtee on Streets and Public Property to contract with Charles [illegible] to grade a portion of Lot [illegible] Block [illegible] and of the street fronting of the east half of Eighth street.

The Common Council of the City of Portland do ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the Committee on Streets and Public Property be and they are hereby authorized to contract with Charles [illegible] for the grading of that portion of Lot [illegible] Block [illegible] and of the street fronting of the east half of Eighth street.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage.

Passed the Common Council September 7, 1870.
W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Sept. 10, 1870. B. GOLDSMITH, Mayor.

Ordinance No. 851.

AN ORDINANCE FIXING THE SALARY OF THE Fire Department.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That on and after the first day of July, 1870, the Secretary of the Portland Fire Department shall receive [illegible] annual salary of two hundred (200) dollars, payable quarterly.

Passed the Common Council September 7, 1870.
W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Sept. 10, 1870. B. GOLDSMITH, Mayor.

Ordinance No. 848.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE COMMITtee on Fire and Water to sell a Fire Engine.

The City of Portland do ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the Committee on Fire and Water are hereby authorized to sell the Fire Engine [illegible] now owned by [illegible] and in charge of the [illegible] Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage.

Passed the Common Council September 7, 1870.
W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Sept. 10, 1870. B. GOLDSMITH, Mayor.

Ordinance No. 849.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE PURCHASE of [illegible] Hose for the use of the Fire Department.

Section 1. That the Chief Engineer and Committee on Fire and Water are hereby authorized and empowered to purchase one thousand (three feet of the best quality of linen hose for [illegible] use of the Fire Department, and [illegible] Fire Department.

Passed the Common Council September 7, 1870.
W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

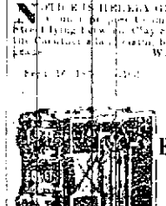
Approved Sept. 10, 1870. B. GOLDSMITH, Mayor.

Seventh Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland propose to improve Seventh Street from Clay Street and the North line of the Carolina Addition, fronting by grading to the [illegible] Lots.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Sept. 10, 1870.



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Opposite Milwain's Store.

BLANK BOOKS

Made to order and Ruled to any Pattern, with or without Printed Heads

Magazines & Music Books

Bound at San Francisco Prices. dtf

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Third and North Third Streets.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASSESSment made by Ordinance No. 846, for the improvement of the Third and North Third Streets, in the manner provided by Ordinance No. 846, is the improvement of the following described lots and parts of lots, and [illegible] and fronting, as aforesaid, the [illegible] with the [illegible] with, within the limits of the [illegible] and [illegible] all [illegible] and [illegible] with [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] and